

SMIL & MPEG-7

Two complementary technologies for representing, describing and transmitting multimedia presentations

XML Europe 2003, Paris

Claude Seyrat CTO, Co-founder





Expway Mission & Business

Mission

 Making XML efficient with any data, in any environment and on any device by providing innovative, scalable and standard solutions that leverage your applications

Products

 Expway develops, markets and supports software components for managing XML transfer and processing based on its Binary XML technology, fundamental to improve performance of XML enabled-application

Market targets

Broadcast, Wireless Telecom and Infrastructure & application software





Presentation Topics

- MPEG-7 broad presentation
- SMIL and MPEG-7 a fruitful collaboration
 - Generating SMIL presentation
 - Main principles
 - Ricoh MPMeister presentation
 - Describing SMIL presentation
- New media consumption mode
- More MPEG-7 Efficient transmission of XML
- Conclusion





Presentation of MPEG-7





Moving Picture Expert Group

Mission:

Develop standards for moving pictures, audio and their combination

- Mother Organisations
 - ISO International Standards Organization
 - IEC International Electro-technical Commission
 - Working group
 - ISO: IEC JTC1 / SC29 / WG11





MPEG Standards

MPEG-111/1992

Storage and coding of moving picture and audio

■ MPEG-2 11/1994

Digital Television

■ MPEG-4 (v2) 11/1999

Coding of natural and synthetic media objects for multimedia applications

■ MPEG-7 08/2001

Multimedia Content description for AV material

MPEG-21 coming soon

Multimedia Framework







- Amount of audiovisual material is increasing
 - Example: Digital TV:
 - 300 h/h of TV today
 - 1000 h/h of TV programs in 2005 (24000 h/d !!)
- Finding, filtering and managing AV material is becoming a major issue
 - → MPEG-7

2/23/2003





Standardize AV content meta-data

- To ease the management of AV documents
 - Fast and efficient search
 - User oriented filtering
 - Classification / organizations of AV DB

•

By describing different type of features

Low level colors, shapes, ...

Structural scene, shot, ...

Semantic relations, entities, ...

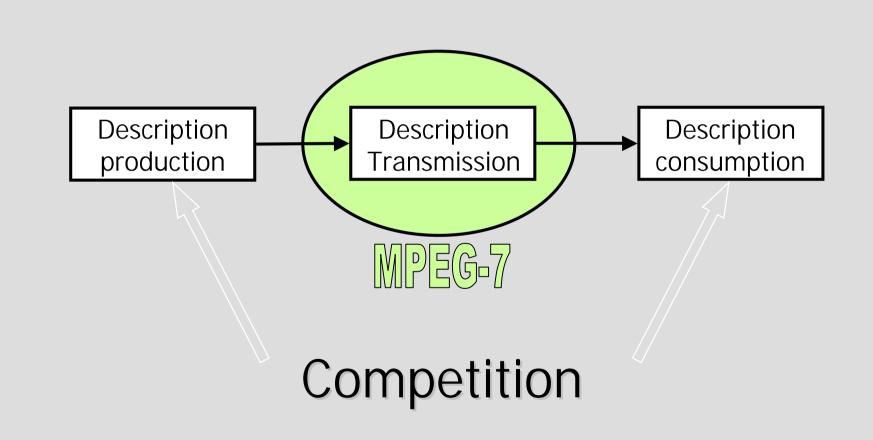
Organizational collections, models, ...

- ...











MPEG-7 Technical overview



MPEG-7 - Terminology

Description

XML document

D : Descriptors

XML elements

 Syntax and semantic of representation AV features.

A metadata for AV material

• DS

DS: Description Schemes

XML elements

 Structure and semantics of relations between description components,

D

DDL: Description Definition Language

XML Schema

Language to allow the creation and extension of DSs and Ds

S

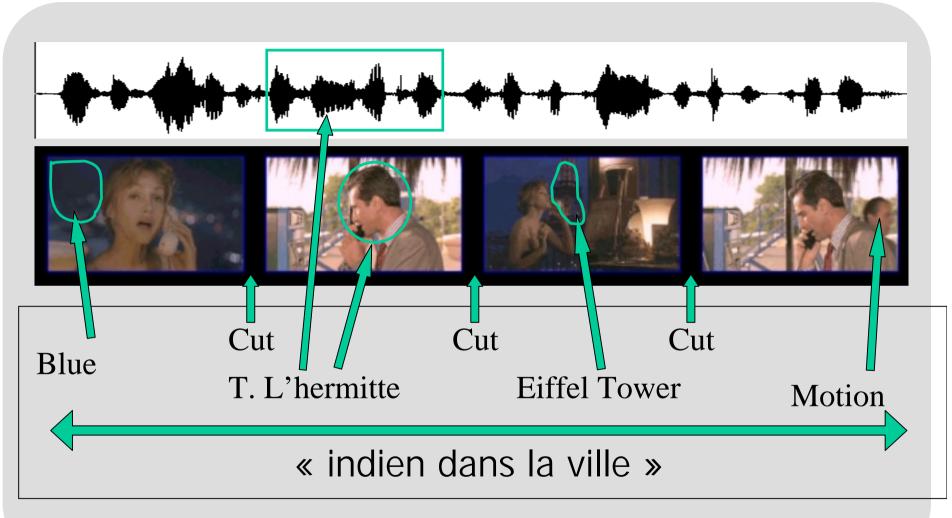
Systems tools

BiM / TeM

Encoding/decoding, compression and streaming of descriptions,



Audio-Visual Metadata



AV Metadata









T. L'hermitte









Motion





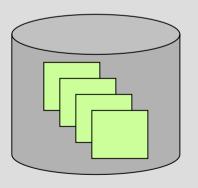
MPEG-7 – Location of

Embedded in media (MPEG-2, MPEG-4, SMIL, JPG, ..)



In a database On the web







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MPEG-7 - The standard





MPEG-7 Standard

1. Systems

2. DDL

3. Audio

Visual

5. Multimedia DS

6. Reference Software

7. Conformance

Transmission format

XML Schema

Audio MD

Visual MD

Structural MD

Open source soft

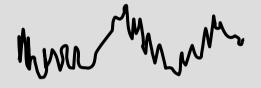
Methods to test





Part3 – Audio Some description tools

- Sound effects
 - Indexing and categorization of general sound effects
- Musical Instrument Timbre
 - Perceptual features of instrument sounds



- Spoken Content
 - Word and phone lattices for each speaker
- Melody Contour
 - Compact representation of melody



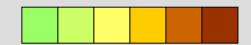
- Silence
 - Attach silence semantics to an audio segment



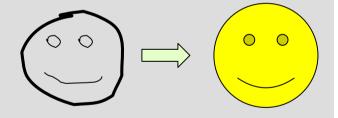


Part 4 – Visual Some description tools

- Colors
 - Filter images by colors, ambiance, ...



- Texture
 - Distinguish clouds, walls, grass, ...
- Edges
 - Targets image-to-sketch matching



- Shapes
 - Describe visual object shapes







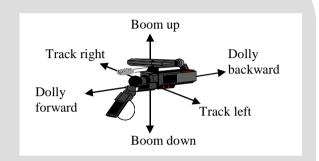






Part 4 – Visual Other description tools

- Camera Motion
 - Pan, tilt, boom, track, dolly



- Motion Trajectory
 - Precise localization in time and space of an object
- Parametric Motion
 - Description of the motion of an object

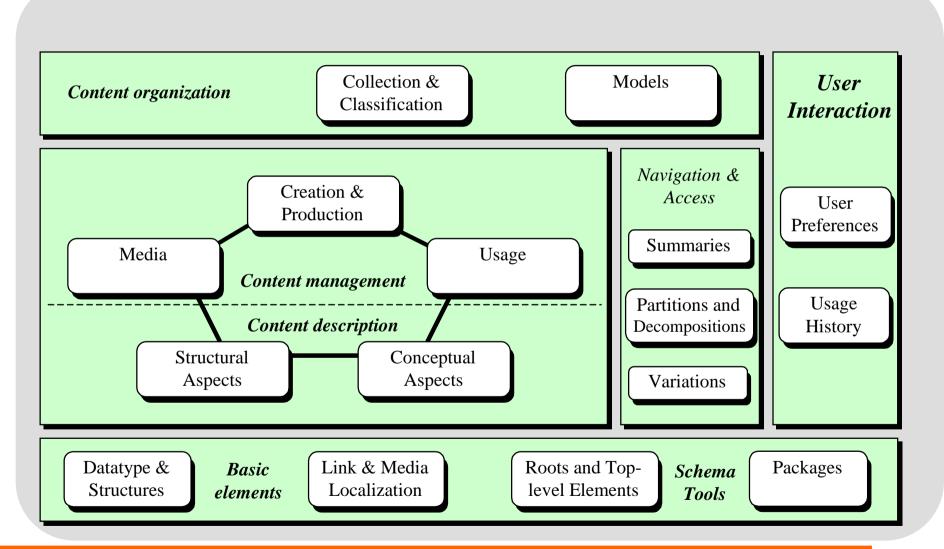


- Motion Activity
 - Retrieve high speed car chase, interview, ...





Part 5 – Multimedia Description Schemes



21

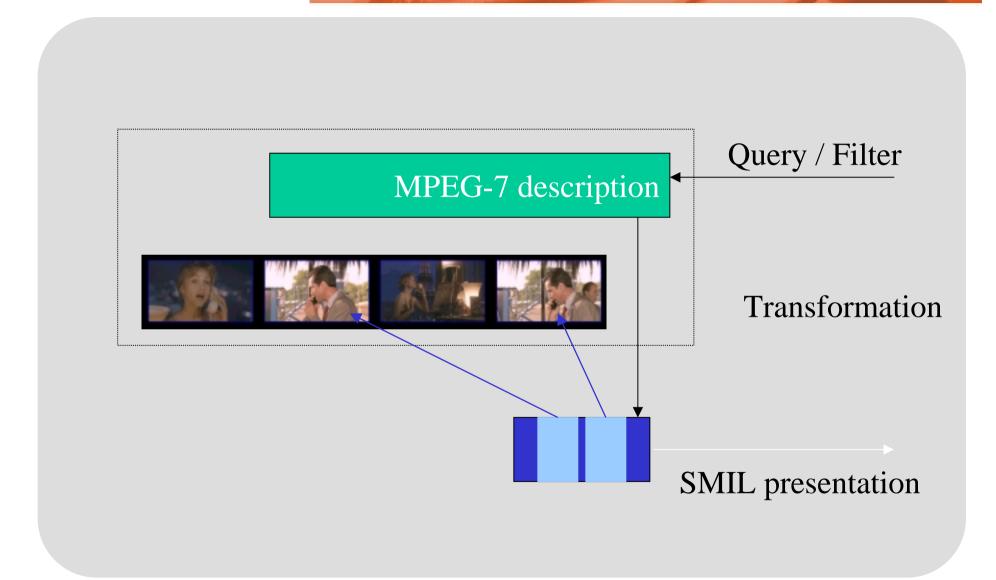


MPEG-7 for generating SMIL presentation

2/23/2003



Generating SMIL



2/23/2003



Some relevant MPEG-7 tools

- Summary
- Segmentation
 - Temporal segmentation
 - Spatial segmentation
- User preferences / User profiles
- Selection of relevant segments
 - Color / Speed / histogram / etc...
 - Content information
 - Person information (ex: actor name)







Takayuki KUNIEDA

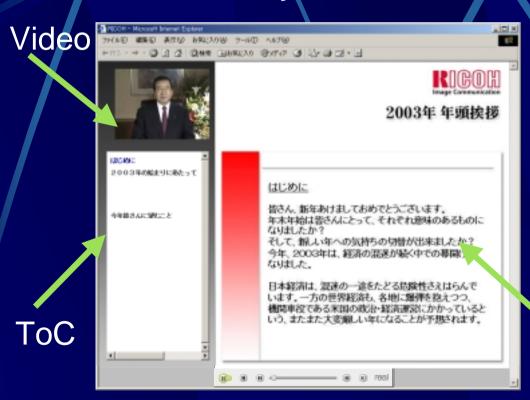
Multimedia Lab

Software Research & Development Group

RICOH Co., Ltd.

What is Presentation Web Content?

Combine Video, Slides and Table of Contents into an Easy-to-understand visual format



Delivery methods:

- CD-R/DVD+RW
- Streaming

Slide Image





Advantages of MPMeister

- Two Clicks, Automatic Content Generation
- Just 1 minute, after the presentation, you can deliver the results via Streaming Services or CD-ROM / DVD
- MPEG-7 instances are generated
- Best-suited to Technical Lecture, Education
- You can select the design from the templates provided





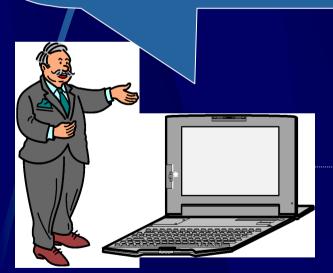
System Configuration

Presenter:

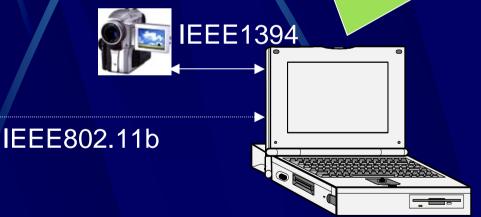
- Make the Presentation as usual
- Recorded the Presenter's Action
- One-person control is possible

Recording Operator:

- Direct HDD Recording
- Automatic content transfer and Web content generate within 1 min.
- •Content Retrieval is possible using MPEG-7



Presentation PC



Capturing PC





Advantages of using MPEG-7

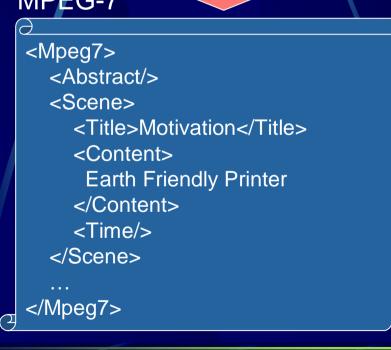
Slides Motivation

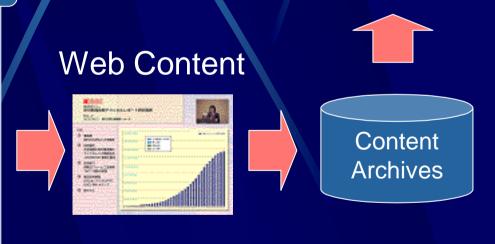
Earth Friendly
Printer

MPEG-7

Advantages:

- You can search and re-construct the huge archived content easily
- Utilized versatile application:
 ex. Automatic Portal Generation









Adaptation of MPEG-7

- Creation Information
 - Input by hand before presentation
 - Using "CreationInformation DS"
- Video Structure
 - Auto-detection PPT operation
 - Using "AudioVisualSegment DS"
- Scene Annotation
 - Auto-extraction from PPT files
 - Using "TextAnnotation DS"

MPEG-7 -> SMIL





MPEG-7 Representation (1)

CreationInformation for Presentation Content

```
<Mpeg7>
<CreationInformation id="creationInformation-3">
 <Creation id="creation-4">
  <Title type="main">RICOH Presentation</Title>
  <Title type="secondary">EXPWAY and RICOH techinical exchnage</Title>
 <Creator>
  <Role href="urn:ricoh:mmvIsion:RoleCS:9"> Presentation Title
   <Name>Speaker</Name>
  </Role>
  <Agent xsi.type="organizationType" ra="agent-7">
   <Name>EXPWAY</Name>
   <Contact xsi:type="PersonType" id="contact-8">
    <Name><GivenName>Claude Seyrat</GivenName></Name>
   </Contact>
                                    Presentation Creator
  </Agent>
 </Creator>
</CreationInformation>
<!- Part 1 -->
<!- Part 2 -->
</Mpeg7>
```





MPEG-7 Representation (2)

Audio Visual Segment for Presentation Content

```
<AudioVisualSegment id="structure-186">
 <CreationInformation id="creationInformation-187">
 <Creation id="creation-188"> <Title>Presentation Slide 38</Title></Creation>
 <RelatedMaterial id="relatedMaterial-189">
                                                            PPT Image
  <MediaLocator xsint,pe= imageLocatorType">
   <MediaUri>file:///D|/Project/EXPWAY-RICOH4/PPTFile/1/1 38.JPG</MediaUri>
  </MediaLocator>
 </RelatedMaterial>
 </CreationInformation>
                                                            Slide Title
 <TextAnnotation type="headLine">
 <FreeTextAnnotation xml:lang="en">BinXML? Main characteristics</freeTextAnnotation>
 </TextAnnotation>
                                                            Slide Contents
 <TextAnnotation type="commentary">
 <FreeTex+ Annough tons
 Generic Works for any XML language Adopted by international standards:
 </FreeTextAnnocation
 </TextAnnotation>
                                                       Position in Video
 <MediaTime>
 <MediaRelinePoint>PODT0H13M23S15N30F</MediaRelTimePoint>
 <MediaInc.Puration mediaTimeUnit="PODT0H0M0S1N30F">3989/MediaIncrPuration>
 </MediaTime>
</AudioVisualSegment>
```





MPEG-7 Representation (3)

MediaInformation for Presentation Content

```
<MediaSourceDecomposition id="mediaSourceDecomposition-473" criteria="description"</pre>
overlap="true" gap="true">
 <AudioVisualSegment id="description-474">
  <MediaInformation id="mediaInformation-475">
   <MediaProfile id="mediaProfile-476">
                                            Recorded Presentation Video
    <MediaInstance id="mediaInstance-477">
    <MediaLocator xsi.t.pe= remporalSegmentLocatorType >
     <MediaTri>file:///D|/Project/EXPWAY-RICOH4/Real/mpout.rm</MediaUri>
      <MediaTime>
      <MediaRelTimePoint mediaTimeBase="../_/mediaUri">PODT0H0M0S0N30F</MediaRelTimePoint>
      <MediaIncrDuration mediaTimeUnit="P0b=0H0M0S1N30F">122006</MediaIncrDuration>
     </MediaTime>
                                                                 Video Duration
    </MediaLocator>
    </MediaInstance>
   </MediaProfile>
  </MediaInformation>
 </AudioVisualSegment>
 </MediaSourceDecomposition>
```





SMIL Content

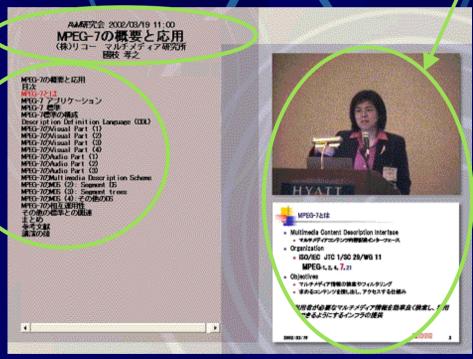
Presentation SMIL Web Content

Automatic Generation System Mpeg7:

AudioVisualSegment

Mpeg7: CreationInformation

Mpeg7: /
TextAnnotation

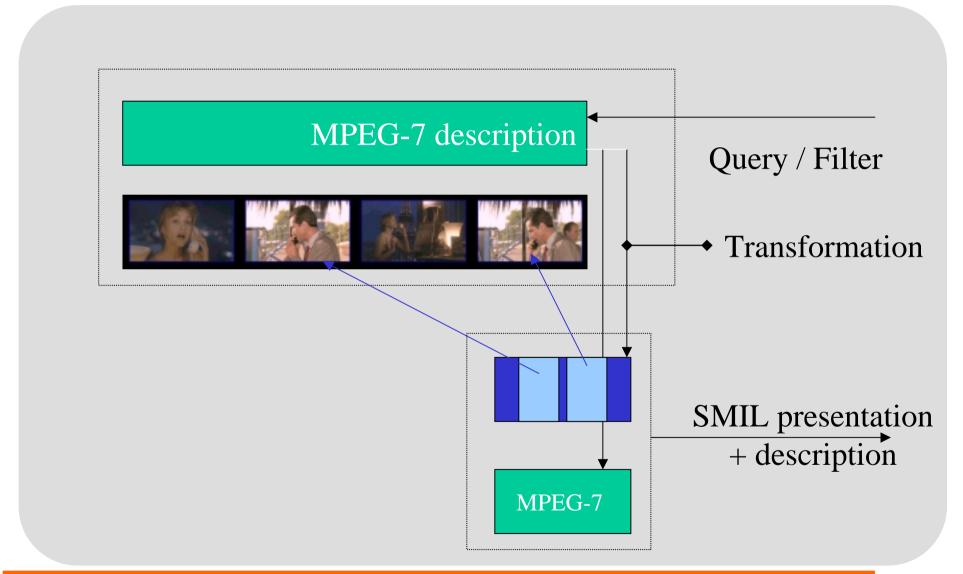








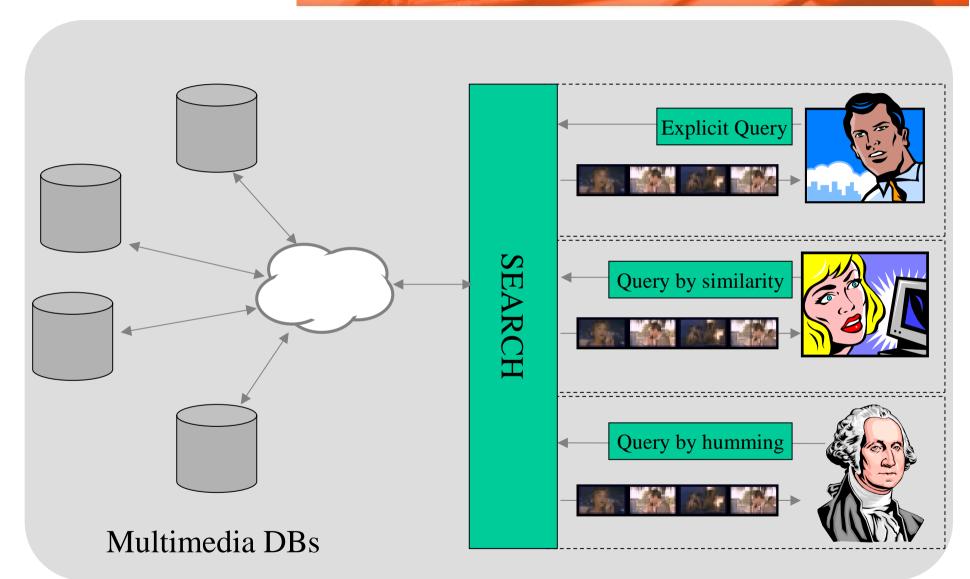
Automatic generation of presentation description





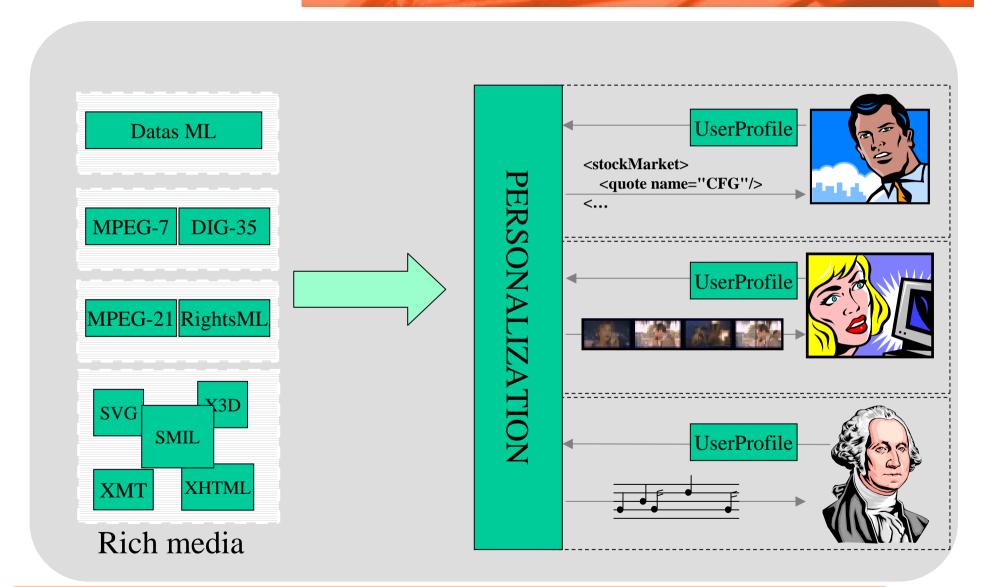
Multimedia content new consumption models





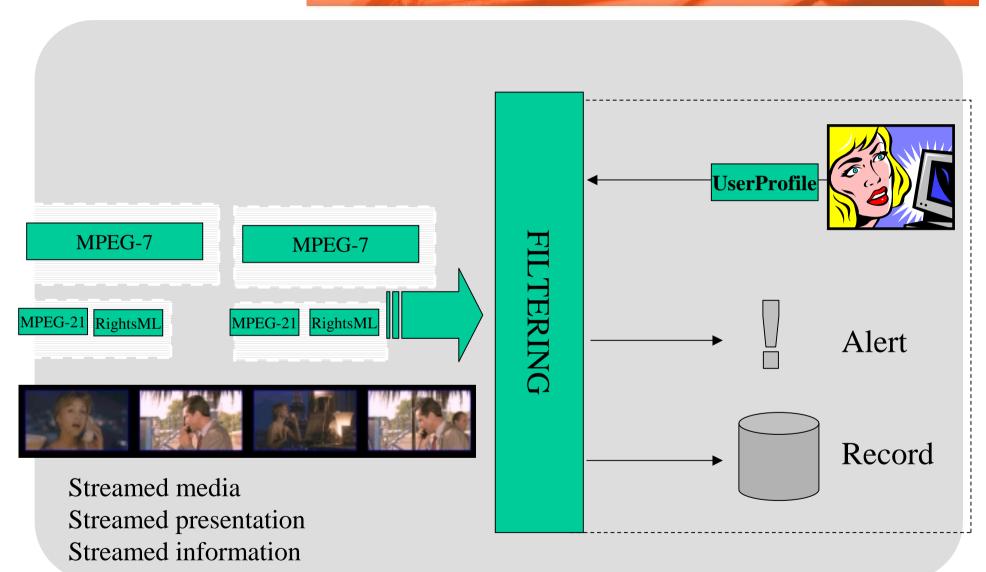


Personalization



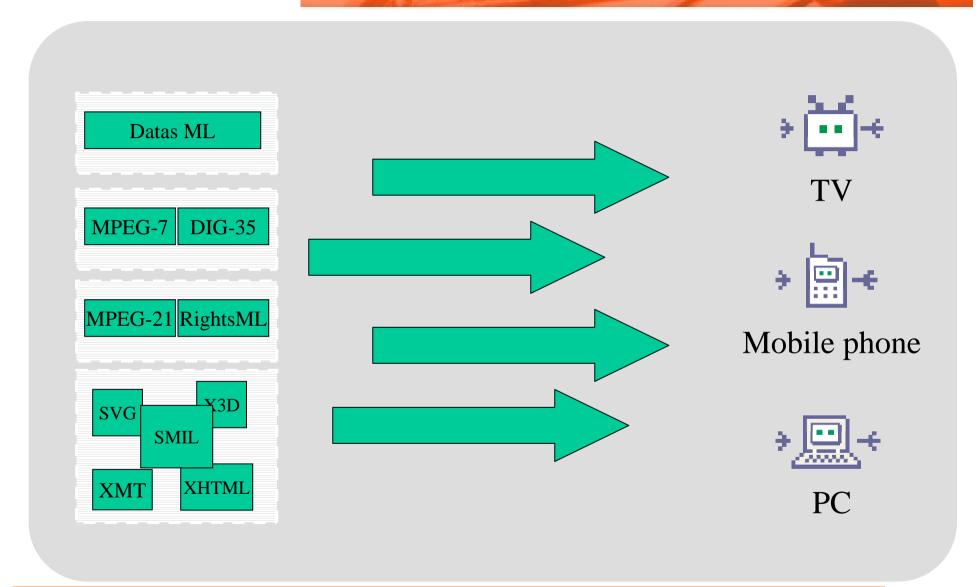


Filtering





XML transfer







A wide variety of XML languages

For mediaSMIL, SVG, ...

For meta dataMPEG-7, DIG 35, ...

For pure data NewsML, FpML, ...

- Different models of communication
 - Pushed or Pulled
 - Synchronous or asynchronous
 - Streamed or downloaded
- Different processing models
 - Transformation, adaptation
 - Personalization
 - Filtering, Search

More and more XML is sent to the client To increase interactivity, flexibility





MPEG-7 Systems – part 1

Efficient transmission of XML data

for MPEG-7 but also SMIL, SVG, ...







- Large volume of XML
- Environment constraints
 - Broadcast
 - Expensive bandwidth
 - Low end terminal widely deployed
 - Unidirectional communication
 - Mobile
 - Expensive bandwidth
 - Low bitrate
 - Internet
 - Quality of service
- → A need for compact, efficient & streamable format



BiM Format Main Characteristics

Genericity

- Works for any XML language
 - Adopted by international standards: MPEG-7, TV-Anytime, ARIB
 - Evaluated on : SVG, XHTML, NewsML, GML, SMIL, ...
- High compression ratio
 - Average compression ratio: 85%
 - Very high compression ratio of the structure: 98%
 - → Highly structured documents for no cost!
- High processing speed
 - Up to 30 times faster than textual XML
 - Parsing done at the binary level

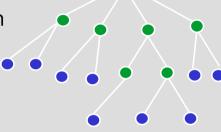




BiM Technology Main Principles

Schema analysis

- Generates automatically the syntax of the binary format
 - No need to develop both encoder and decoder (always in phase)
 - No need to design a specific binary format
 - Easy management of XML language evolution
 - → Dramatically reduces development cost



Standard compression methods

- For data
 - Compression : Statistical, Quantization, Dictionary, ...
 - Encoding scheme: IEEE-754, UTF-8, UTF-16, ...



- For structure
 - FSA based : simple, efficient, scalable
 - Enables validation







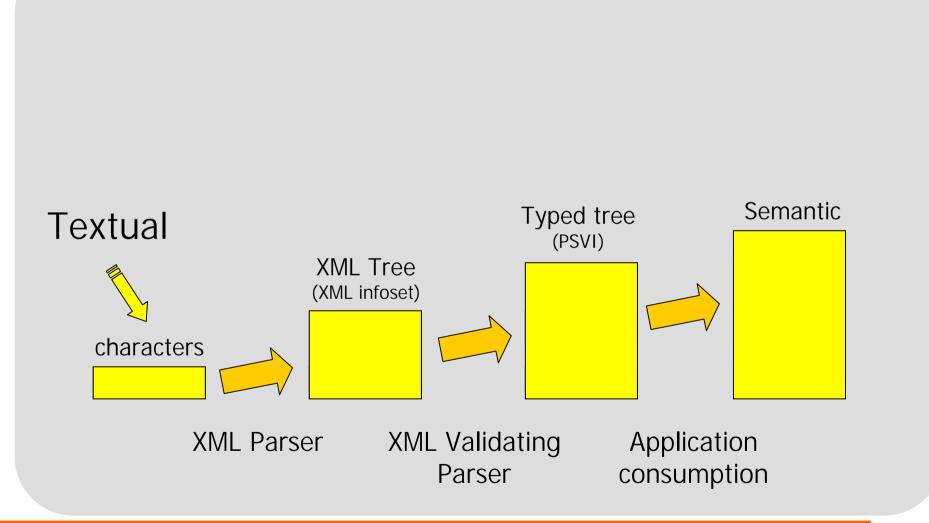
BiM Components Main features

- Encoder-side parsing and validation
 - → Allows very fast decoding, PSVI reconstruction
- Partial decoding
 - → Improves filtering, large document parsing
- Flexible transmission
 - → Allows progressive transfer, document update, ...



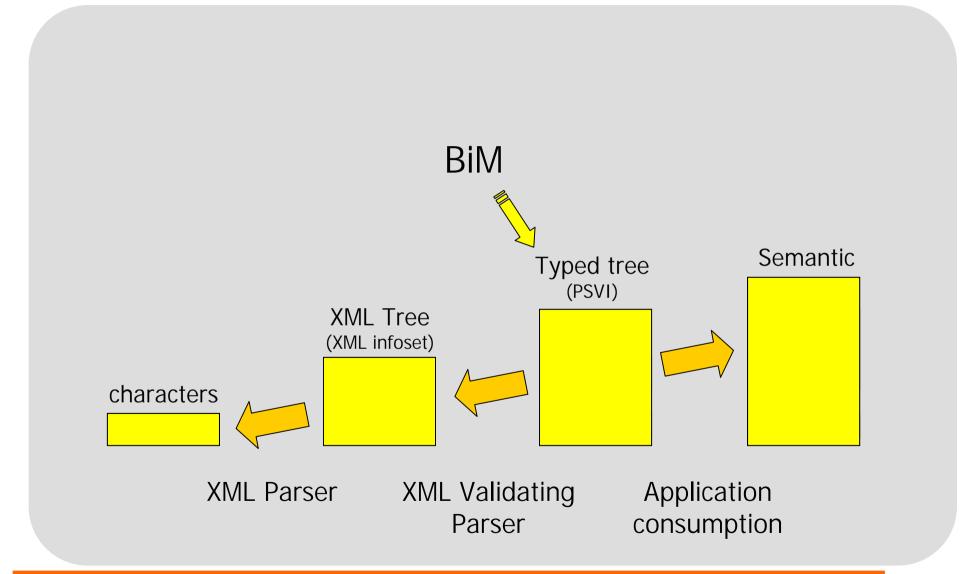


Pipeline of Infosets





Pipeline of Infosets





Encoder-side parsing and validation

- Pre-parsed format
 - No need for string matching, comparison
 - Identified elements & attributes
- Pre-validated format
 - No need for string conversion
 - Resolved entity, default values, types, normalized data

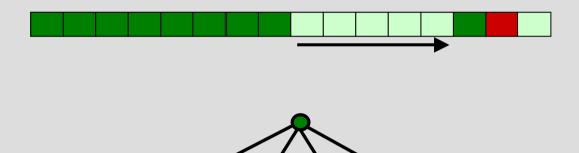
Direct access to the data





Partial decoding

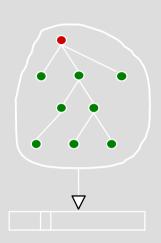
The decoder can skip document subparts

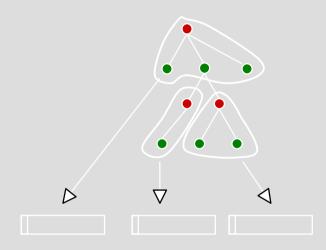


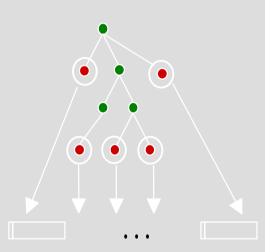




Flexible transmission







The entire document in one chunk

Sub-parts of the document in different chunks

Each leaf in one chunk





Flexible transmission

Use Case 1 – Progressive transfer

- An application can start using a document even if is not totally received
 - Improve pre-filtering
 - Allows pre-rendering
 - to reduce the perceived waiting time
 - ...

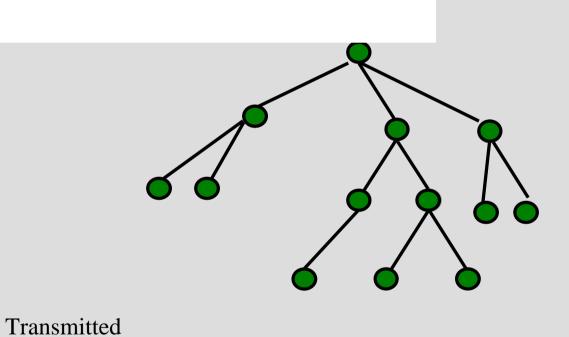
Back





To be transmitted

Flexible transmission







Flexible transmission

Use Case 2 – Dynamic updates

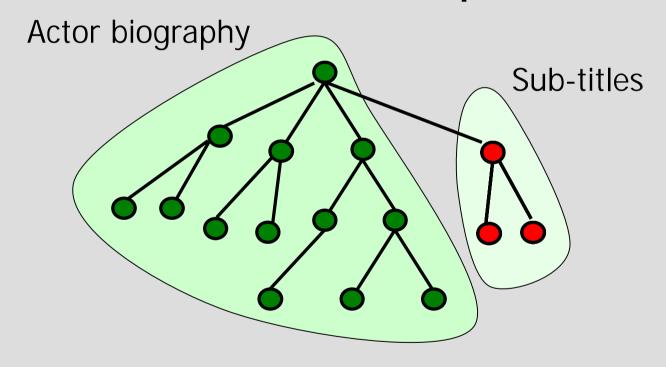
- Some documents change in time but all subparts do not evolve with the same frequency
 - Some sub-parts will never be updated
 - Others will be updated very often





Flexible transmission

Use Case 2 – Dynamic updates







Conclusion





- SMIL and MPEG-7
 - MPEG-7 as the semantic of an AV document
 - to generate SMIL presentations
 - to describe SMIL presentations
- More and more XML is being transmitted
 - For rich and interactive media
 - For metadata
 - For pure data exchange
- Several transmission and processing model
 - Streamed or downloaded
 - Client or server side adaptation / transformation





- In this context MPEG-7 BiM
- Can be used to pack XML data in binary form
 - To save bandwidth / memory / CPU
 - To allow more XML to be used by low end devices
 - To improve quality of service
 - Reduce user perceived waiting time





Conclusion 3/4 SMIL/SVG/MP7 and BiM

- Compressed and streamed XML
 - SMIL
 - Reduce starting time
 - Allow live events / real time presentation composition
 - SVG
 - Progressive loading of large files
 - Reduce memory consumption
 - MPFG-7
 - Filtering of presentations
 - Client side personalization of presentations

 $\mathsf{XML} = 43333$



svgz = 9617



Lossless BiM = 5531



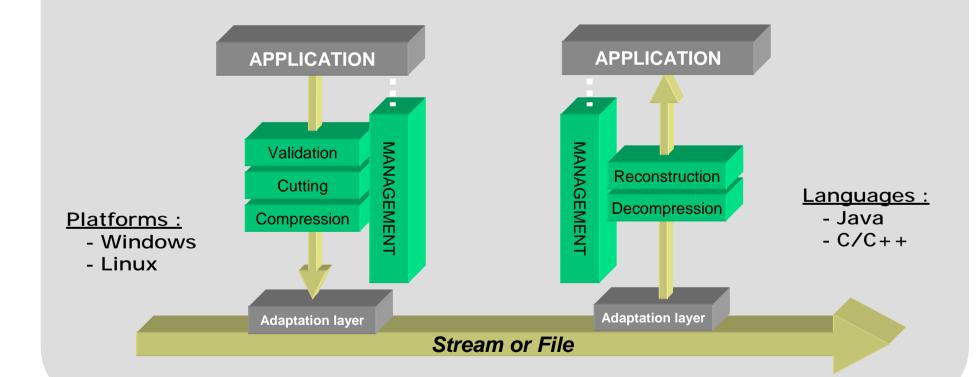
Lossy BiM = 3521





Conclusion 3/4 Expway products

 Bin-XML[™] products allows to encode, decode and stream XML files







- Thank you
 - claude.seyrat@expway.fr
- More information

MPEG: http://www.cselt.it/mpeg

JPEG: http://www.jpeg.org

SVG and SMIL: http://www.w3c.org

- Many thanks to Mr Takayuki KUNIEDA and its team from the Multimedia lab of Ricoh Japan
- Thanks to
 - Olivier Avaro, France Telecom
 - Antoine Quint, SVG consultant
 - Michael Wollborn, Bosch





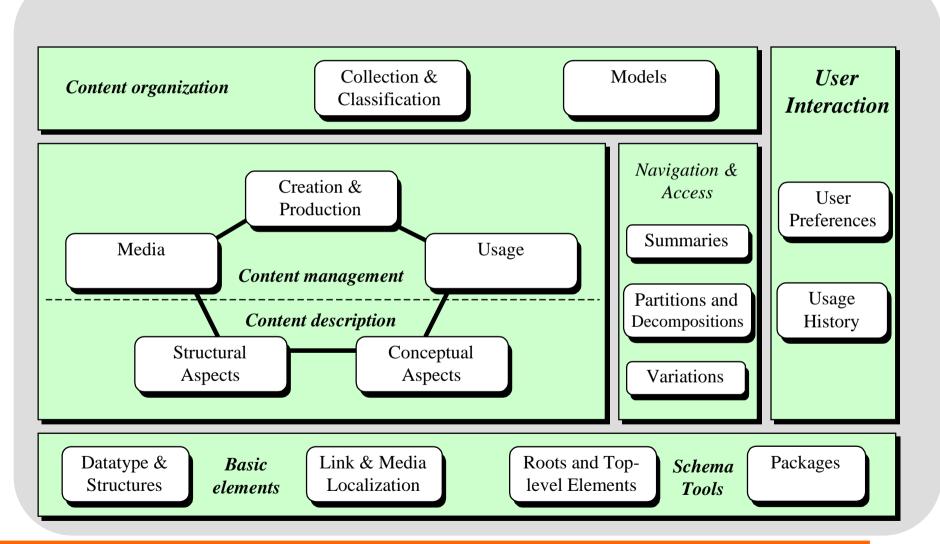
APPENDIX

MPEG-7 Part 5 - Details





General overview





Basic Elements

Datatype & Structures

Basic elements

Link & Media Localization

Roots and Toplevel Elements

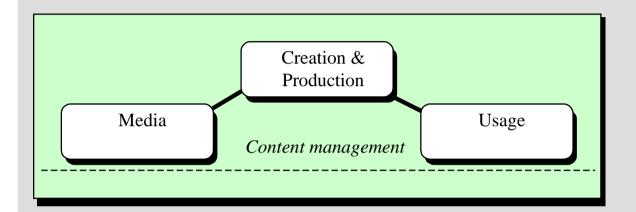
Schema Tools Packages

- Fundamental constructs:
 - Basic datatypes
 - Vectors, matrices
 - Linking and localization of segments
- DS for Time, place, person, individuals, ...
- Textual annotation : free, structured, ...





Content Management

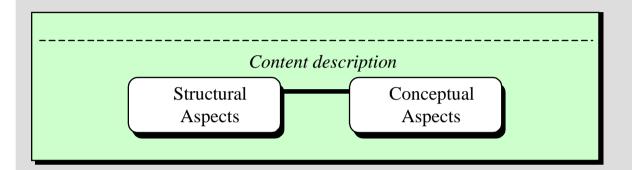


- Creation information
 - Title, creators, creation location, classification
- Usage information
 - Rights, availability, financial
- Media information
 - Coding format, coding parameters, aso...





Content description



- Structural information
 - Video segments, table of content, ...
- Conceptual description
 - Events, objects, relationships,...





Navigation and access

Navigation & Access

Summaries

Partitions and Decompositions

Variations

Summaries

- For browsing, navigation, visualization, ...
- Hierarchical or sequential.

Partitions

Different view of the document

Variations

- About different versions,
- Coding format, lossy compression,





Content organization

Content organization

Collection & Classification

Models

Collections

- Organizing collections of documents
- unordered sets of AV data

Models

- Descriptions of collections or classes of AV content
- Probability, Cluster, Analytic





User Interaction

User Interaction

User Preferences

> Usage History

User Preferences

Tools for describing user preferences about AV content

Usage History

History of the preferences

